# Chapter 76: Parking Regulations for Village of Hartville

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**76.01 PROHIBITION AGAINST PARKING ON STREETS OR HIGHWAYS.**

(A) Upon any street or highway, no person shall stop, park, or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, upon the paved or main traveled part of the street or highway if it is practicable to stop, park, or so leave such vehicle off the paved or main traveled part of the street or highway. In every event a clear and unobstructed portion of the street or highway opposite such standing vehicle shall be left for the free passage of other vehicles, and a clear view of such stopped vehicle shall be available from a distance of 200 feet in each direction upon such street or highway.

(B) This section does not apply to the driver of any vehicle which is disabled while on the paved or improved or main traveled portion of a street or highway in such manner and to such extent that it is impossible to avoid stopping and temporarily leaving the disabled vehicle in such position.

**76.02 UNATTENDED VEHICLE: DUTY TO STOP ENGINE, REMOVE KEY, SET BRAKE AND TURN WHEELS.**

(A) No person driving or in charge of a motor vehicle shall permit it to stand unattended without first stopping the engine, locking the ignition, removing the key from the ignition, effectively setting the parking brake, and, when the motor vehicle is standing upon any grade, turning the front wheels to the curb or side of the street or highway.

(B) The requirements of this section relating to the stopping of the engine, locking of the ignition, and removing the key from the ignition of a motor vehicle do not apply to any of the following:

1. A motor vehicle that is parked on residential property;
2. A motor vehicle that is locked, regardless of where it is parked;
3. An emergency vehicle; and
4. A public safety vehicle.

**76.03 POLICE MAY REMOVE UNATTENDED VEHICLE WHICH OBSTRUCTS TRAFFIC.**

(A) Whenever any police officer finds a vehicle standing upon a highway in violation of Ohio R.C. 4511.66 or a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance, such officer may move such vehicle, or require the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the same, to a position off the paved or improved or main traveled part of such highway.

(B) Whenever any police officer finds a vehicle unattended upon any highway, bridge, or causeway, or in any tunnel, where such vehicles constitutes an obstruction to traffic, such officer may provide for the removal of such vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of safety.

**76.04 PROHIBITED STANDING OR PARKING PLACES.**

(A) No person shall stand or park a vehicle, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or to comply with the provisions of this Traffic Code, or while obeying the directions of a police officer or a traffic control device, in any of the following places:

(1) On a sidewalk or curb lawn area, except a bicycle;

(2) Within eight feet of a public or private driveway and, on the side of the street opposite the entrance to any public or private driveway;

(3) Within an intersection;

(4) Within ten feet of a fire hydrant;

(5) On a crosswalk;

(6) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk at an intersection;

(7) Within thirty feet of, and upon the approach to, any yield sign, stop sign, or highway traffic signal;

(8) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless a different length is indicated by a traffic-control device;

(9) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing;

(10) Within twenty feet of a driveway entrance to any fire station and, on the side of the street opposite the entrance to any fire station, within seventy-five feet of the entrance when it is properly posted with signs;

(11) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when such standing or parking would obstruct traffic;

(12) Alongside any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street;

(13) Upon any bridge or elevated structure upon a highway, or within a highway tunnel;

(14) At any place where signs prohibit stopping;

(15) Within one foot of another parked vehicle;

(16) On the roadway portion of a freeway, expressway, or thruway;

(17) Upon any public street where limited parking is not in effect for a period of not more than twenty-four hours;

(18) At any place designated by signs as a “fire lane”; or

(19) Within five feet of a residential detached mailbox between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. Monday through Saturday except holidays when mail is not delivered.

**76.05 PARKING NEAR CURB; HANDICAPPED LOCATIONS ON PUBLIC OR PRIVATE LOTS AND GARAGES.**

(A) Every vehicle stopped or parked upon a roadway where there is an adjacent curb shall be stopped or parked with the right-hand wheels of the vehicle parallel with and not more than 12 inches from the right-hand curb, unless it is impossible to approach so close to the curb; in such case the stop shall be made as close to the curb as possible and only for the time necessary to discharge and receive passengers or to load or unload merchandise. Local authorities by ordinance may permit angle parking on any roadway under their jurisdiction, except that angle parking shall not be permitted on a state route within the municipality unless an unoccupied roadway width of not less than 25 feet is available for free-moving traffic.

(B) Local authorities by ordinance may permit parking of vehicles with the left-hand wheels adjacent to and within 12 inches of the left-hand curb of a one-way roadway.

(C) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (C)(1)(b) of this section, no vehicle shall be stopped or parked on a road or highway with the vehicle facing in a direction other than the direction of travel on that side of the road or highway.

(b) The operator of a motorcycle may back the motorcycle into an angled parking space so that when the motorcycle is parked it is facing in a direction other than the direction of travel on the side of the road or highway.

(2) The operator of a motorcycle may back the motorcycle into a parking space that is located on the side of, and parallel to, a road or highway. The motorcycle may face any direction when so parked. Not more than two motorcycles at a time shall be parked in a parking space as described in division (C)(2) of this section irrespective of whether or not the space is metered.

(D) Notwithstanding any statute or any rule, regulation, resolution, or ordinance, air compressors, tractors, trucks, and other equipment, while being used in the construction, reconstruction, installation, repair, or removal of facilities near, on, over, or under a street or highway, may stop, stand, or park where necessary in order to perform such work, provided a flagperson is on duty or warning signs or lights are displayed as may be prescribed by the Director of Transportation.

(E) Accessible parking locations and privileges for persons with disabilities that limit or impair the ability to walk shall be provided and designated by all political subdivisions and by the state and all agencies and instrumentalities thereof at all offices and facilities where parking is provided, whether owned, rented, or leased, and at all publicly owned parking garages. The locations shall be designated through the posting of an elevated sign, whether permanently affixed or movable, imprinted with the international symbol of access and shall be reasonably close to exits, entrances, elevators, and ramps. All elevated signs posted in accordance with this division and R.C. § 3781.111(C) shall be mounted on a fixed or movable post, and the distance from the ground to the bottom edge of the sign shall measure not less than five feet. If a new sign or a replacement sign designating an accessible parking location is posted on or after October 14, 1999, there also shall be affixed upon the surface of that sign or affixed next to the designating sign a notice that states the fine applicable for the offense of parking a motor vehicle in the designated accessible parking location if the motor vehicle is not legally entitled to be parked in that location.

(F) (1) (a) No person shall stop, stand, or park any motor vehicle at accessible parking locations provided under division (E) of this section, or at accessible clearly marked parking locations provided in or on privately owned parking lots, parking garages, or other parking areas and designated in accordance with that division, unless one of the following applies:

1. The motor vehicle is being operated by or for the transport of a person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk and is displaying a valid removable windshield placard or accessible license plates; or

2. The motor vehicle is being operated by or for the transport of a person with a disability and is displaying a parking card or accessible license plates.

(b) Any motor vehicle that is parked in an accessible marked parking location in violation of division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section may be towed or otherwise removed from the parking location by the law enforcement agency of the municipality. A motor vehicle that is so towed or removed shall not be released to its owner until the owner presents proof of ownership of the motor vehicle and pays all towing and storage fees normally imposed by the municipality for towing and storing motor vehicles. If the motor vehicle is a leased vehicle, it shall not be released to the lessee until the lessee presents proof that that person is the lessee of the motor vehicle and pays all towing and storage fees normally imposed by the municipality for towing and storing motor vehicles.

(c) If a person is charged with a violation of division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section, it is an affirmative defense to the charge that the person suffered an injury not more than 72 hours prior to the time the person was issued the ticket or citation and that, because of the injury, the person meets at least one of the criteria contained in R.C. § 4503.44(A)(1).

(2) No person shall stop, stand, or park any motor vehicle in an area that is commonly known as an access aisle, which area is marked by diagonal stripes and is located immediately adjacent to an accessible parking location provided under division (E) of this section or at an accessible clearly marked parking location provided in or on a privately owned parking lot, parking garage, or other parking area and designated in accordance with that division.

(G) When a motor vehicle is being operated by or for the transport of a person with a disability that limits or impairs the ability to walk and is displaying a removable windshield placard or accessible license plates, or when a motor vehicle is being operated by or for the transport of a person with a disability and is displaying a parking card or accessible license plates, the motor vehicle is permitted to park for a period of two hours in excess of the legal parking period permitted by local authorities, except where local ordinances or police rules provide otherwise or where the vehicle is parked in such a manner as to be clearly a traffic hazard.

(H) No owner of an office, facility, or parking garage where accessible parking locations are required to be designated in accordance with division (E) of this section shall fail to properly mark the accessible parking locations in accordance with that division or fail to maintain the markings of the accessible locations, including the erection and maintenance of the fixed or movable signs.

(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a person or organization to apply for a removable windshield placard or accessible license plates if the parking card or accessible

license plates issued to the person or organization under prior law have not expired or been surrendered or revoked.

(J) As used in this section:

***ACCESSIBLE LICENSE PLATES*** and ***REMOVABLE WINDSHIELD PLACARD.*** Mean any license plates, standard removable windshield placard, permanent removable windshield placard, or temporary removable windshield placard issued under R.C. § 4503.41 or 4503.44, and also mean any substantially similar license plates or removable windshield placard issued by a state, district, country, or sovereignty.

***PERSON WITH A DISABILITY.*** Means any person who has lost the use of one or both legs or one or both arms, who is blind, deaf, or unable to move without the aid of crutches or a wheelchair, or whose mobility is restricted by a permanent cardiovascular, pulmonary, or other disabling condition.

***PERSON WITH A DISABILITY THAT LIMITS OR IMPAIRS THE ABILITY TO WALK.*** Has the same meaning as in R.C. § 4503.44.

(K) Penalty.

(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (C) of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.

(2) (a) Whoever violates division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in division (K)(2)(a) and (K)(2)(b) of this section. Except as otherwise provided in division (K)(2)(a) of this section, an offender who violates division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section shall be fined not less than $250 nor more than $500. An offender who violates division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section shall be fined not more than $100 if the offender, prior to sentencing, proves either of the following to the satisfaction of the court:

1. At the time of the violation of division (F)(1)(a)1. of this section, the offender or the person for whose transport the motor vehicle was being operated had been issued a removable windshield placard that then was valid or accessible license plates that then were valid but the offender or the person neglected to display the placard or license plates as described in division (F)(1)(a)1. of this section.

2. At the time of the violation of division (F)(1)(a)2. of this section, the offender or the person for whose transport the motor vehicle was being operated had been issued a parking card that then was valid or accessible license plates that then were valid but the offender or the person neglected to display the card or license plates as described in division (F)(1)(a)2. of this section.

(b) In no case shall an offender who violates division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. be sentenced to

any term of imprisonment.

(c) An arrest or conviction for a violation of division (F)(1)(a)1. or (F)(1)(a)2. of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any inquiries contained in any application for employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in connection with the person's appearance as a witness.

(d) The clerk of the court shall pay every fine collected under divisions (K)(2) and (K)(3) of this section to the municipality. Except as provided in division (K)(2) of this section, the municipality shall use the fine moneys it receives under divisions (K)(2) and (K)(3) of this section to pay the expenses it incurs in complying with the signage and notice requirements contained in division (E) of this section. The municipality may use up to 50% of each fine it receives under divisions (K)(2) and (K)(3) of this section to pay the costs of educational, advocacy, support, and assistive technology programs for persons with disabilities, and for public improvements within the municipality that benefit or assist persons with disabilities, if governmental agencies or nonprofit organizations offer the programs.

(3) Whoever violates division (F)(2) of this section shall be fined not less than $250 nor more than $500. In no case shall an offender who violates division (F)(2) of this section be sentenced to any term of imprisonment. An arrest or conviction for a violation of division (F)(2) of this section does not constitute a criminal record and need not be reported by the person so arrested or convicted in response to any inquiries contained in any application for employment, license, or other right or privilege, or made in connection with the person's appearance as a witness.

(4) Whoever violates division (H) of this section shall be punished as follows:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (K)(4) of this section, the offender shall be issued a warning.

(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of division (H) of this section or of a municipal ordinance that is substantially equivalent to that division, the offender shall not be issued a warning but shall be fined not more than $25 for each parking location that is not properly marked or whose markings are not properly maintained. (R.C. § 4511.69) (Rev. 2024)

***Cross-reference:***

*Unlawful furnishing of prescription to enable persons to be issued handicapped parking placards or license plates, see § 138.17*

***Statutory reference:***

*Buildings, access for disabled persons, see R.C. § 3781.111*

**76.07 SELLING, WASHING OR REPAIRING VEHICLE UPON ROADWAY.**

No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle upon a roadway for the principal purpose of:

(A) Displaying such vehicle for sale;

(B) Washing, greasing or repairing such vehicle except repairs necessitated by an emergency.

**76.08 TRUCK LOADING ZONES.**

No person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle for any purpose or length of time other than for the expeditious unloading and delivery or pickup and loading of materials in any place marked as a truck loading zone during hours when the provisions applicable to such zones are in effect. In no case shall the stop for loading and unloading of materials exceed thirty minutes.

**76.09 OPENING VEHICLE DOOR ON TRAFFIC SIDE.**

(A) No person shall open the door of a vehicle on the side available to moving traffic unless and until it is reasonably safe to do so, and can be done without interfering with the movement of other traffic, nor shall any person leave a door open on the side of a vehicle available to moving traffic for a period of time longer than necessary to load or unload passengers.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.

**76.10 PARKING IN ALLEYS AND NARROW STREETS; EXCEPTIONS**.

(A) No person shall stop, stand or park any vehicle upon a street, other than an alley, in such a manner or under such conditions as to leave available less than ten feet of the width of the roadway for free movement of vehicular traffic, except that a driver may stop temporarily during the actual loading or unloading of passengers or when directed to by a police officer or traffic control signal.

(B) Except as otherwise provided by law, no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle within an alley except while actually loading and unloading, and then only for a period not to exceed thirty minutes.

**76.11 REGISTERED OWNER PRIMA-FACIE LIABLE FOR UNLAWFUL PARKING.**

In any hearing on a charge of illegally parking a motor vehicle, testimony that a vehicle bearing a certain license plate was found unlawfully parked as prohibited by the provisions of this Traffic Code, and further testimony that the record of the Registrar of Motor Vehicles

shows that the license plate was issued to the defendant, shall be prima-facie evidence that the vehicle which was unlawfully parked, was so parked by the defendant. A certified registration copy, showing such fact, from the Registrar shall be proof of such ownership.

**76.12 HARTVILLE VILLAGE HALL PARKING.**

The parking lot at Hartville Village Hall shall be designated as permitted parking only for the use of those with village business to attend to. All others will be issued citations if parking at Village Hall without a village business purpose.

**76.13 MANNER OF ANGLE PARKING.**

Upon streets where angle parking is permitted, no person shall stop, stand or park a vehicle other than at the angle to the curb or edge of the roadway as is indicated by appropriate signs or markings.

**76.14 PUBLIC USE OF PARKING LOTS.**

(A) As used in this section:

(1) "Parking lot" means any outdoor space, plot, place, lot, parcel, yard or enclosure or any portion thereof, where more than two motor vehicles may be parked, stored, serviced, housed or kept. Parking lot includes but is not limited to the driving and parking areas of drive-in restaurants, drive-in banks, shopping centers, gasoline service stations, grocery parking lots, factory parking lots and all other parking lots used in connection with the operation of a business. Parking lot also includes off-street parking lots owned or operated by the Village.

(2) "Public portions of a parking lot" means the parking areas and ingress and egress to the parking lot areas designated by the parking lot owners or agent of the owner for off-street parking of automotive or other vehicles, driveways, sidewalks, malls, arcades, service areas and entranceways into stores and buildings.

(3) "Shopping center" means any combination of retail stores and services contained within one or more buildings located on one or more parcels of land united to form a general shopping site and upon which there are located public areas for the nonexclusive use of members of the general public and occupants, visitors and customers of the retail stores and services.

(B) No person shall enter, stand, walk upon or drive, or leave a motor vehicle parked, whether attended or unattended, upon the public portions of a parking lot without the consent of the owner or operator or the agent of either, when the place of business on or adjacent to the parking lot is closed to the public.

(C) No person shall use the public portions of a parking lot to race the motor of any motor vehicle, needlessly bring to a sudden start or stop any motor vehicle, blow any horn of any motor vehicle needlessly, engage in any race with another vehicle in such a manner as to create a nuisance or a disturbance, or to annoy or endanger any person or persons or other vehicle or vehicles lawfully on the public portions of the parking lot.

(D) No person shall consume alcoholic beverages upon any parking lot, nor shall one person alone or in combination with others assemble or congregate on the public portion of the parking lot for the purpose of lingering or loitering in any manner.

**76.15 OPERATION AND PARKING IN PARKS.**

The operation and parking of motor vehicles within the confines of Village park property is hereby prohibited except during sunrise to sunset and within the established and designated parking areas within the parks as established by the Village, or upon authority as provided by the Village.

**76.16 ONE HOUR PARKING OF TRAILERS OR HEAVY VEHICLES.**

(a) No person shall park any equipment trailer, boat trailer, travel trailer, camping trailer, mobile home trailer or other similar unit on any street within the Village when such trailer is detached from the vehicle which is used to transport it over the road.
(b) No person shall park any equipment trailer, boat trailer, travel trailer, camping trailer, mobile home trailer or other similar unit on any street within the Village between the hours of 12:00 midnight and 6:00 am.
(c) No person who is the owner, driver or person in charge of any lawncare trailer or landscaping trailer shall leave such vehicle parked or standing on any street in the Village for a period of more than one hour.
(d) No person who is the owner, driver or person in charge of trucks, buses, tractors, trailers or semitrailers weighing more than 8,000 pounds, as determined by the vehicle registration issued by the Bureau of Motor Vehicles, shall leave such vehicle parked or standing on any street in the Village for a period of more than one hour.
(e) Provided, however, that section (d) shall not apply to trucks or trailers used for conveying the necessary tools and materials to premises where labor using such tools and materials is to be performed during the actual time of parking such trucks or trailers, nor to the actual time during which a motor truck, tractor, trailer or semitrailer is being loaded or unloaded or used to deliver or hoist property or merchandise for the completion of delivery.

**76.17 PARKING OF RECREATIONAL VEHICLES IN RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS.**

(A) No person who is the owner, agent, operator, or other person in charge of any recreational vehicle as defined herein may permit such vehicle to remain parked, standing or abandoned upon any street in a residential district. No trailer shall be detached from the vehicle which is used to transport it over the road.

(B) Any recreational vehicle owner or operator may receive, through the Police Department, temporary permission to allow for the parking of such vehicle, as defined in Section 351.17(c), upon a public street in a residential district for up to twenty-four (24) hours in length. This temporary permission shall not exceed two (2) non-consecutive twenty-four (24) hour periods during any calendar week. A calendar week shall be from Sunday to Saturday. A minimum of

twenty-four (24) hours shall pass between the granting of the temporary periods. Failure to receive permission shall be deemed a violation of this Section.

(C) For the purposes of this section, certain terms shall be defined as follows:

(1) "Recreational vehicle" includes, but is not limited to:

A. Camper Trailer - A folding or collapsible vehicular structure, mounted on wheels but without its own power, designed as a temporary living quarters for travel, camping, recreation and vacation uses, which is not encompassed in the definition of travel trailer.

B. Motor Bus - Any motor vehicle having motor power designed and used for carrying more than 15 passengers.

C. Motor Home - A self-propelled recreational vehicle constructed with permanently installed facilities for cold storage, cooking and consuming of food and for sleeping.

D. Travel Trailer - A non-self-propelled recreational vehicle, including a tent type fold out camping trailer as defined in Ohio R.C. 4517.01.

E. Truck Camper - A non-self-propelled recreational vehicle, without wheels for road use but with sufficient equipment to render it suitable for use as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreation and vacation use, and designed to be placed upon and attached to a motor vehicle. Truck campers do not include truck covers, which consist of walls and roof, and do not have floors and facilities for using same as a dwelling.

F. Recreational Trailers - Any form of device, equipment, or machinery on wheels, or a single wheel, that is intended to be pulled by a motor vehicle, whether or not attached to a motor vehicle. This shall include every vehicle designed and utilized for the sole purpose of transporting any boat, auto, snowmobile, recreational habitation, and the like, which does not have motive power, but is designed to be drawn by another vehicle.

G. Watercraft - This term shall include, but is not limited to, any of the following when used or capable of being used for transportation on the water:

1. A boat operated by machinery either permanently or temporarily affixed.
2. A sailboat other than a sailboard.
3. An inflatable, manually propelled boat having a hull identification number meeting the requirements of the United States Coast Guard.
4. A canoe or row boat.

(2) "Residential District" shall mean any district zoned residential in accordance with the zoning definitions established by the Village Zoning Ordinance.

**76.18 VEHICLE SALES AND DISPLAY REGULATIONS.**

(A) For purposes of this section certain terms shall be defined as follows:

(1) "Display" shall mean located or parked where the intended purpose is to attract persons to the vehicle.

(2) "Parking" shall mean temporary or permanent storage of an unattended vehicle.

(3) "Vehicle" includes but is not limited to, automobiles, motorcycles, golf carts, trucks, boats, recreational vehicles, and trailers.

(4) "Improved" means any addition to the natural state of land which increases its value or utility, including buildings, street pavements with or without curbs and gutters, sidewalks,

crosswalks, water mains, sanitary sewers, storm sewers, landscaping, street lighting, public utilities, paved parking areas and other appropriate items.

(B) Vehicles for sale are subject to the following requirements:

(1) The display of a vehicle for sale is allowed only on improved and occupied property when the vehicle to be sold is owned by the owner of the subject property.

(2) No vehicles offered for sale shall be displayed on any parcel that is vacant or unimproved, or undeveloped.

(3) The owner of the vehicle for sale must have an occupancy interest or business interest on the property where the vehicle is displayed for sale. If the vehicle for sale is displayed at a commercial location for a period of greater than two (2) hours, the vehicle may be displayed only when the owner of the vehicle is present on the property, and during normal operating hours of the business at which the vehicle is displayed. However, only automobiles including pick-up trucks or standard mini-vans, principally used for personal transportation, may be displayed for sale upon non-residential property.

(4) Any vehicle for sale must be properly licensed and operable.

(5) Only (1) vehicle offered for sale is allowed on any parcel at any one time, and there shall be no more than one vehicle for sale on any one parcel within any (6) month period.

(6) Vehicles offered for sale must be located in parking area used for the parking of vehicles (i.e. paved) and must not be located on any public right of way, landscape buffer, or other land development feature other than a designed parking area.

(7) Signage advertising the vehicle for sale shall not be greater than (4) square feet in area. The signage must be affixed inside the vehicle, or in the case of motorcycles, boats, and trailers the signage must be securely affixed to the vehicle.

(C) Exceptions. This section does not apply to person engaged in the business of vehicle sales being conducted in a Business or Commercial Zone.

**76.19 PENALTY.**

Whoever violates any section of this Parking Ordinance, is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. A separate offense shall be deemed committed each day during or on which a violation occurs or continues.

If a penalty is not specified in a specific section then, a $25.00 fine will be assessed for all general parking violations. If the parking citation issued for a violation is not paid within ten (10) calendar days, a penalty of $15.00 will be added to the fine.

**76.20 REPLACEMENT OF OHIO BASIC CODE**

This Parking ordinance is intended to replace all previous parking ordinances and any parking specific sections previously adopted when the Village of Hartville adopts the Ohio Basic Code.